

Marne Justice Report

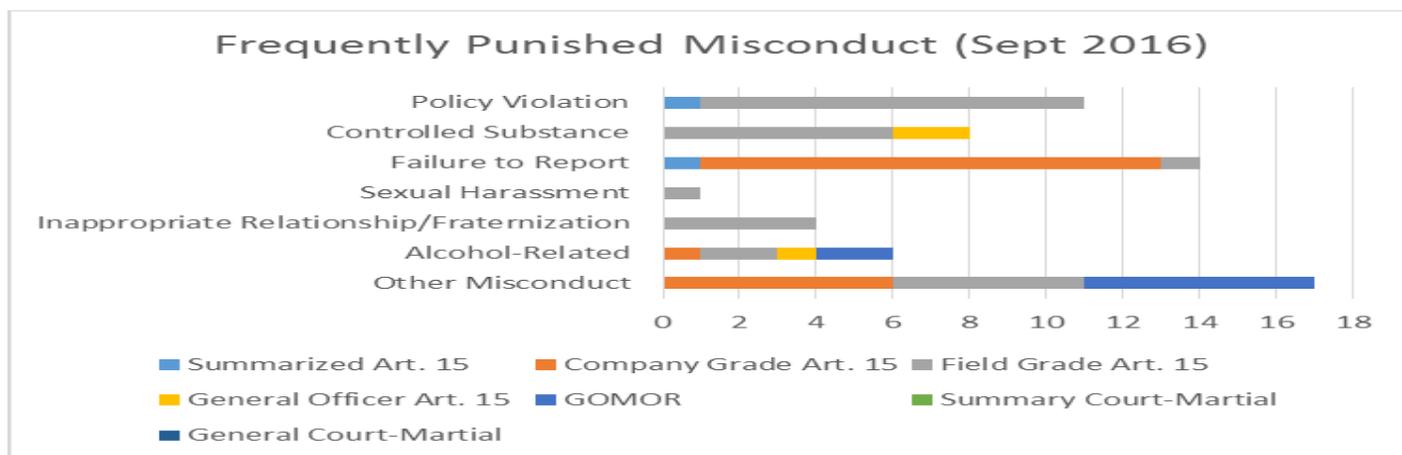


Did you know...

- The use of handheld cell phones while driving on Fort Stewart/HAAF is illegal. Offenders will be ticketed, resulting in a \$25 fine and a \$30 processing fee.

September 2016 Highlights

- A 1LT received a GO Art. 15 for use of illegal drugs, resulting in a forfeiture of \$2,517 and a written reprimand.
- A 1LT received a GO Art. 15 for breaking a window while being drunk and disorderly, resulting in a forfeiture of \$2,245 for two months (suspended) and a written reprimand.
- A SPC received a Company Grade Art. 15 for furnishing alcohol to minors, resulting in a reduction to E-3 and 14 days of extra duty/restriction.
- A SGT received a Field Grade Art. 15 for fraternization, resulting in a reduction to E-4, forfeiture of one half of one month's pay, and an oral reprimand.
- A SGT received a Field Grade Art. 15 for use of marijuana, resulting in a reduction to E-1, forfeiture of \$783 for two months (suspended), extra duty for 45 days, and an oral reprimand.
- A PFC received a Company Grade Art. 15 for bringing an unregistered firearm on post, resulting in reduction to PV2 (suspended), 14 days of extra duty, and an oral reprimand.
- A CW3 received a permanently-filed GOMOR for having an inappropriate relationship and failing to provide adequate financial support to their family.
- A CPT received a permanently-filed GOMOR for shoplifting at the PX, larceny of prescription medication, and wrongful use/possession of Oxycodone.



Involuntary Separation Spotlight

- A SPC was involuntarily separated from the Army after communicating threats via Facebook. The Soldier's service was characterized as General (Under Honorable Conditions).
- A SGT was involuntarily separated from the Army for patterns of misconduct. The Soldier's service was characterized as General (Under Honorable Conditions).
- Two junior enlisted Soldiers were involuntarily separated from the Army for driving under the influence of alcohol. The Soldiers' service was characterized as General (Under Honorable Conditions).



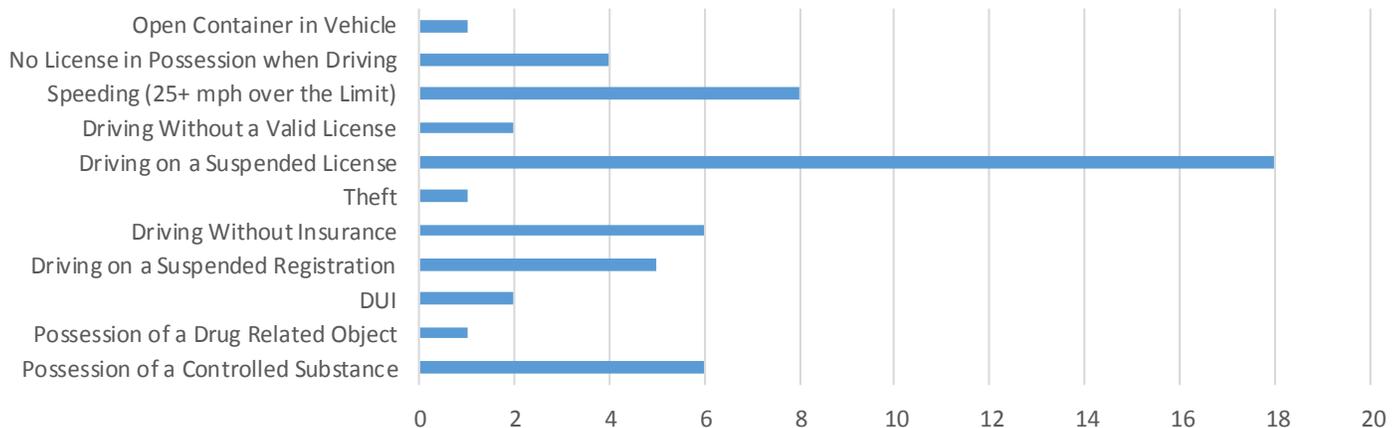
Civilian Criminal Misconduct on Fort Stewart/HAAF (September)

- A Department of the Army Civilian pled guilty to unlawful possession of a controlled substance (clonazepam). The defendant was granted special probation under 18 USC § 3607 for a period of 12 months and ordered to pay a \$1,000 fine and undergo substance abuse evaluation and treatment. Upon successful completion of probation, the court will dismiss the charge.
- A military dependent pled guilty to assault on a child under the age of 16 years old. The defendant was sentenced to 30 days of confinement and a \$25 special assessment.
- A dependent spouse pled guilty to a super speeder violation for driving 90 mph in a 55 mph zone on Georgia Highway 144. The defendant was sentenced to a \$500 fine and a \$25 special assessment.
- A non-affiliated civilian who previously pled guilty to driving under the influence of illegal drugs on Fort Stewart violated the terms of her probation. As a result, the U.S. Probation Office filed a petition with the court to revoke the defendant's probation. After a hearing on the matter, the defendant was sentenced to three months of confinement.

Did you know...

- Failure to appear in court after you receive a summons results in a federal bench warrant being issued for your arrest.
- If you are unable to appear on the date stated, you **MUST** call the court (912-650-4035) to request a continuance of your case until the next month to avoid having an active warrant.

Criminal Charges Filed in September



I received a summons to appear in court, how do I get an attorney?

- The Sixth Amendment of the Constitution guarantees your right to representation by counsel in serious criminal prosecutions. If you receive a summons notifying you that criminal charges have been filed in the Southern District of Georgia, you will have the opportunity to request a court-appointed defense counsel.
- In order to do so, you must first comply with the summons and appear in court on the stated date/time. Once there, you'll have the opportunity to speak with the prosecutor about your case and a potential plea deal so that you can decide whether you want to proceed representing yourself (*pro se*) or would like appointed counsel. If you request an attorney, you'll be asked to complete a financial affidavit for the court, and your case will be continued until the next month to allow time for the appointment of counsel.